**FORUM:** The Peacebuilding Commission

**QUESTION OF:** The Question of Kashmir

**SUBMITTED BY:** United Kingdom

THE PEACEBUILDING COMMISSION,

*Bearing in mind* that previous debates have taken place, resulting in several resolutions including S/RES/39, S/RES/47, S/RES/91 and S/RES/126,

*Recognizing* that the people of Kashmir are disgruntled with the situation,

*Further noting* that the Kashmir conflict is the oldest unsolved international conflict still on the agenda of United Nations (UN),

*Alarmed by* the fact that over 10,000 people have been killed in Kashmir since 1990,

1. Urges India, Pakistan and China to make current Line of Control (LOC) and Law of Armed Conflict (LOAC) the official country borders as well as implementing a 50-mile weapon free zone from the borders;
2. Asks for joint development of water resources in Indian Kashmir and Pakistan Kashmir, especially production and distribution of hydroelectric power by means such as but not limited to:
   1. each country funds an equal amount of money in the project and the rest of the funding coming from the World Bank to:
      1. develop and construct a hydroelectric power station
      2. organize a competitive international tender and then grant a joint concession for the company with the lowest bid
      3. hire a logistics firm to equally distribute the electricity and water generated by this dam into the two separate Kashmiri
   2. hiring of only Kashmiri workers to operate the resources such as the dam to further promote peace and stability;
3. Suggest the United Nations Security Council to demand India and Pakistan to sign the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, to ensure that no nuclear war will be held between the two nations;
4. Request for lax immigration laws to be implemented by means such as but not limited to:
   1. at border checks allow people of Indian Kashmiri citizenship to enter Kashmir in Pakistan without a visa and vice-versa
   2. no requirement for work permits in the Kashmir in Pakistan for people with citizenship in Indian Kashmir and vice-versa;
5. Calls upon the creation of the United Nations International Teacher-association on Education in Kashmir (UNITE-Kashmir) in order to improve the welfare as well as the economy of Kashmir, by means such as but not limited to:
   1. establishing schools where:
      1. all Kashmiris citizens can be educated, not depending on age, gender or religion
      2. students can learn a variety of languages, including Kashmiri, Hindi, Urdu, Chinese and English, in order to improve communication in the region
   2. giving workshops at the UNITED-Kashmir and at the homes of Kashmiri people, regarding possibilities for the future;
6. Requests for lax immigration laws to be implemented by means such as but not limited to:
   1. at borders allow people of Indian Kashmiri citizenship to enter the Pakistan Kashmir without a visa and vice versa
   2. no requirements for work permits in the Pakistan Kashmir or people with citizenship in Indian Kashmir and vice versa (China);
7. Suggests the United Nations Security Council to demand India and Pakistan to sign the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, to ensure that no nuclear war will be held between the two nations (Afghanistan).